

## Math 45

## 3.5 Point-Slope Form of a Line

Example from class notes (complete):

The % of total income [y] that an individual spends on health care increases linearly with age [x].

A 35-year-old spends 4% on healthcare.

A 65-year-old spends 11.2% on healthcare.

- ← y values are %
- ← x values are age
- ← "increases" means slope is positive
- ← "linearly" means linear equation, or line.
- When  $x=35, y=4$   
point  $(35, 4)$
- When  $x=65, y=11.2$   
point  $(65, 11.2)$

- Find slope
- Find equation of line in slope-int.form.
- Use equation to predict % that a 50-year-old spends.

a) slope formula:  $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

plug in  $(35, 4)$  and  $(65, 11.2)$   
 $(x_1, y_1)$                    $(x_2, y_2)$

$$m = \frac{4 - 11.2}{65 - 35} = \frac{-7.2}{30} = .24 = m$$

b) point-slope form of eqn of a line:  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ .

plug in  $m = .24, x_1 = 35, y_1 = 4$  :  $y - 4 = .24(x - 35)$

dist :  $y - 4 = .24x - 8.4$

add 4 :  $y = .24x - 4.4$

c) Predict 50-year-old. age = x so  $x = 50$ .

Plug in  $x = 50$ , solve for y:

$$y = .24(50) - 4.4$$

$y = 7.6\%$  of income  
spent on healthcare